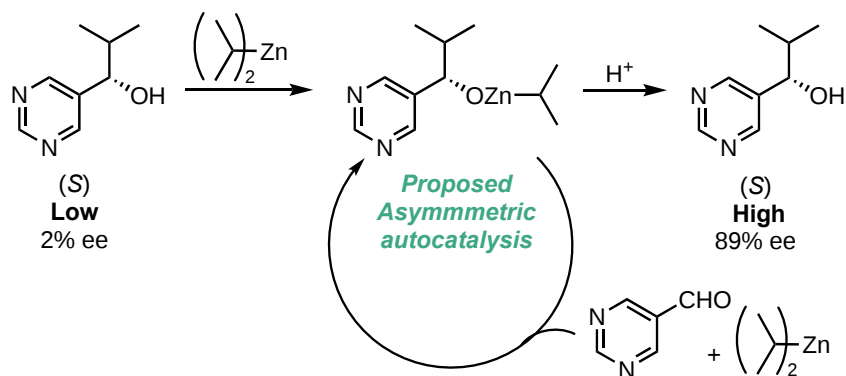


Asymmetric Autocatalysis: The Soai reaction and investigation into the catalyst species

Samantha Grosslight
Sigman Group
June Synthesis Club



What is the Origin of Chirality ?

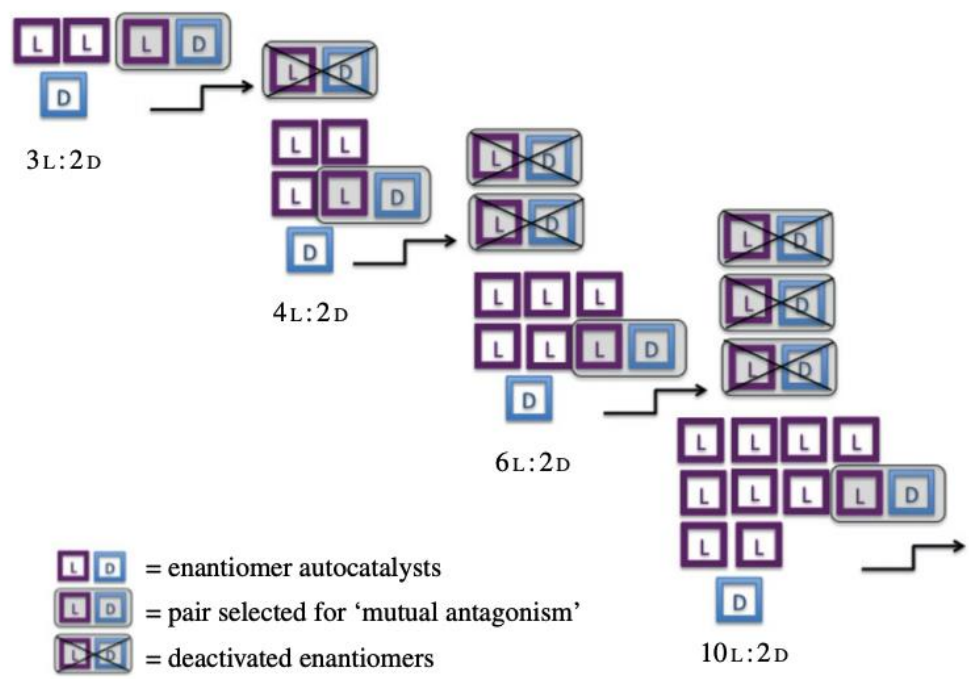
Models for the Origin of Chirality

Chiral Amnesia Model, Crystal Engineering Model, Frank Model, etc

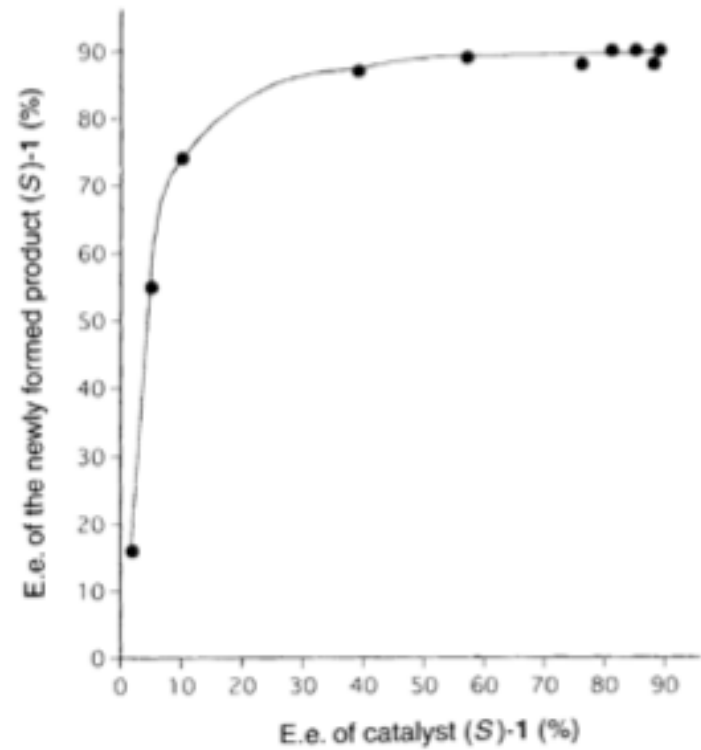
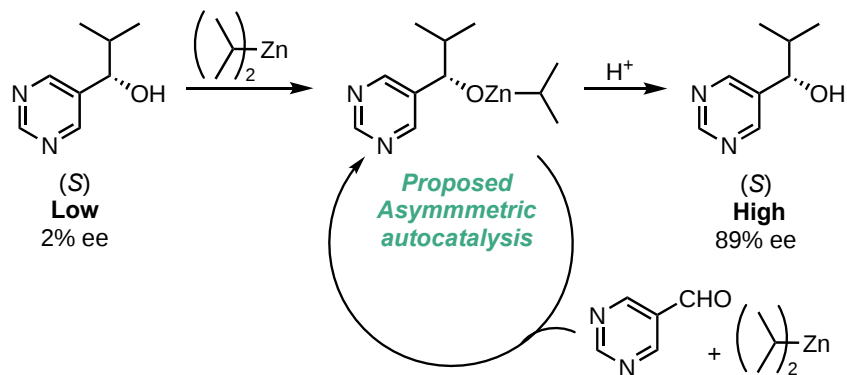
What is the Origin of Chirality ?

The Frank Model

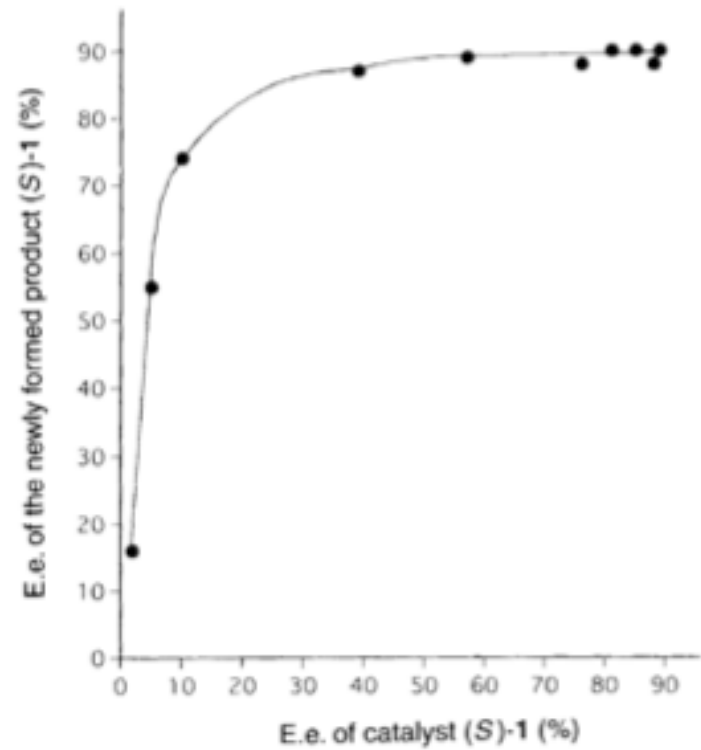
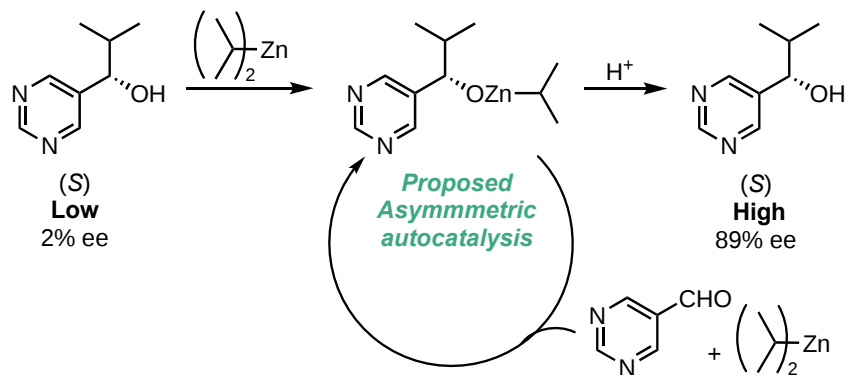
Evolution of homochirality by autocatalysis and Mutual Antagonism



The Soai Reaction
Experimental proof of the Frank Model



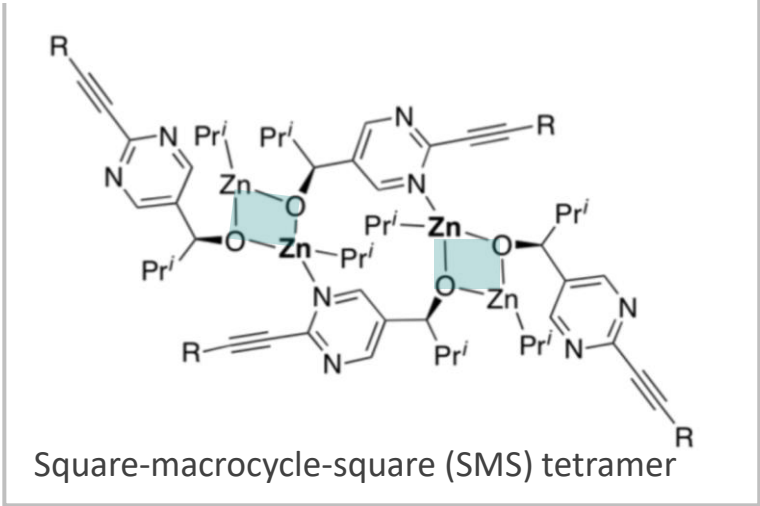
The Soai Reaction
Experimental proof of the Frank Model



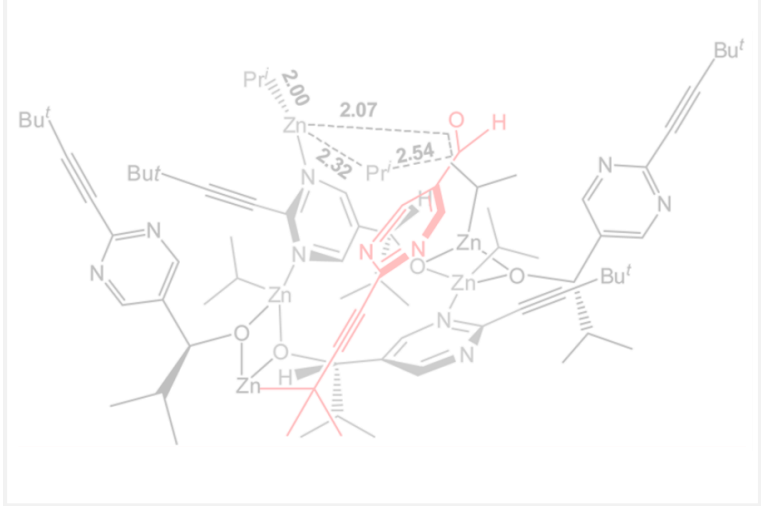
What is the structure of the Autocatalysis ?

Background and Timeline: Asymmetric Autocatalytic behavior & Soai reaction

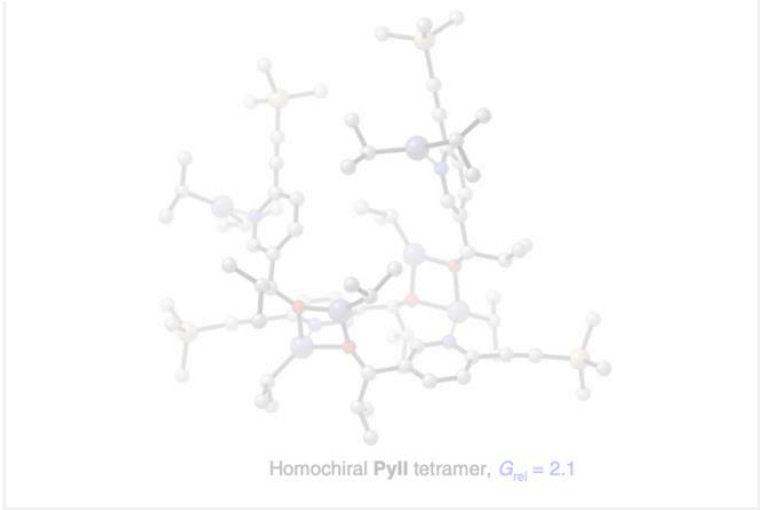
Brown & Blackmond - 2010



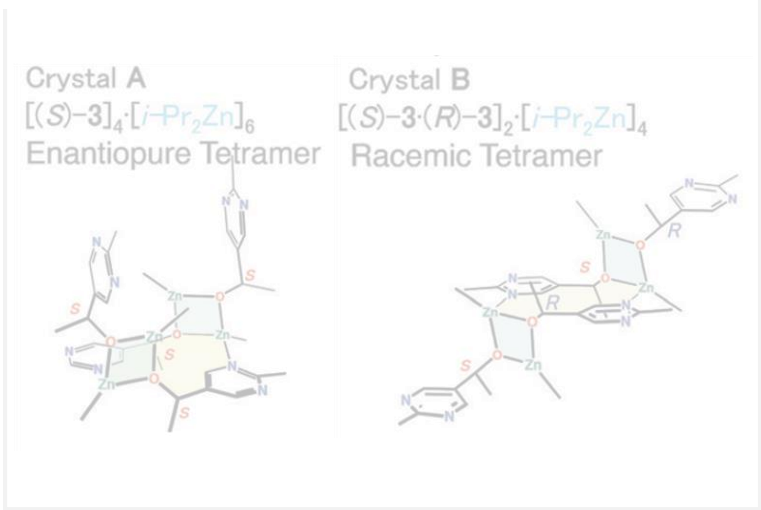
Gridnev - 2012



Houk & Denmark - 2020

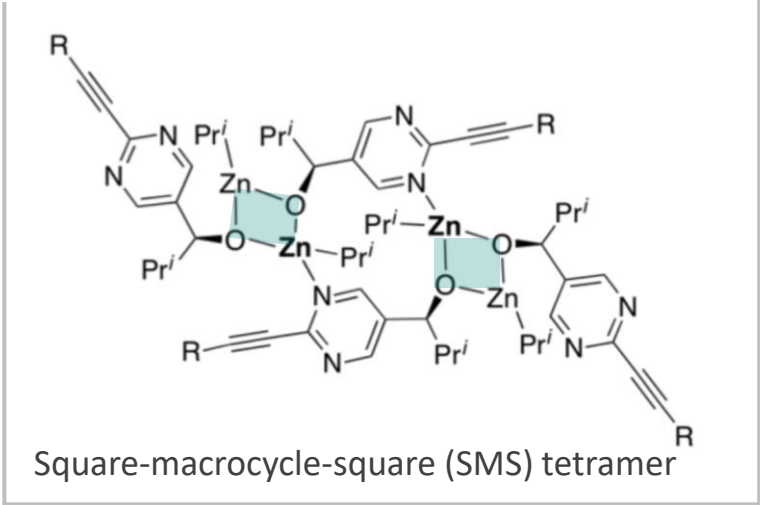


Soai - 2015

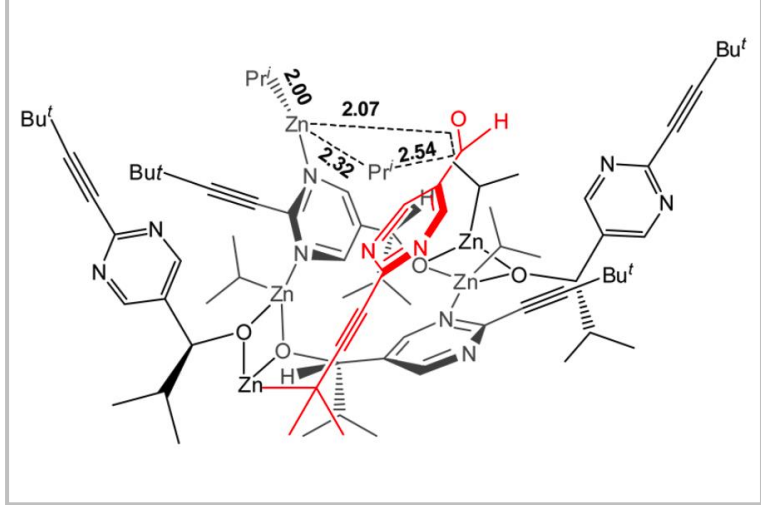


Background and Timeline: Asymmetric Autocatalytic behavior & Soai reaction

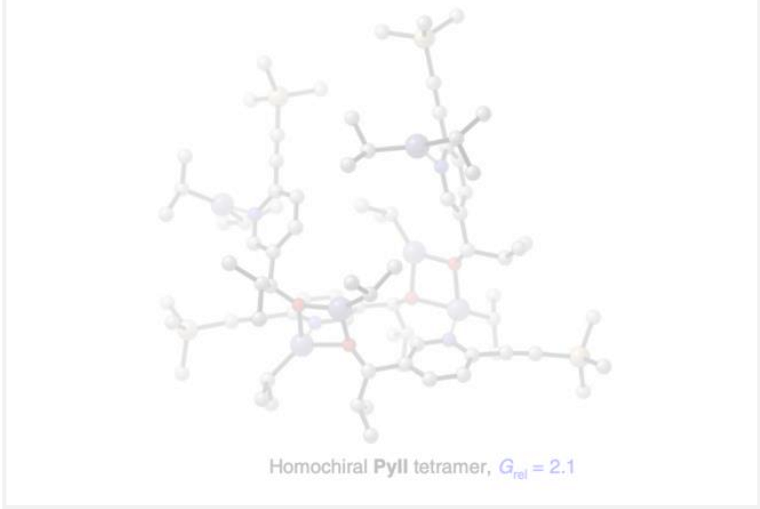
Brown & Blackmond - 2010



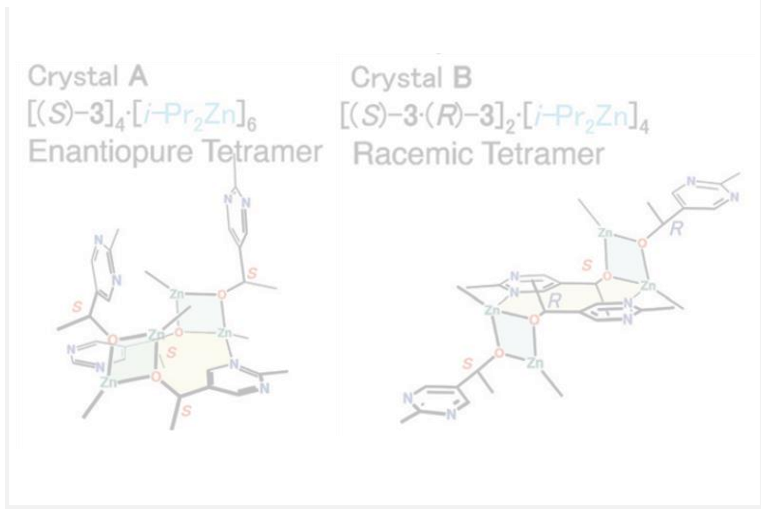
Gridnev - 2012



Houk & Denmark - 2020

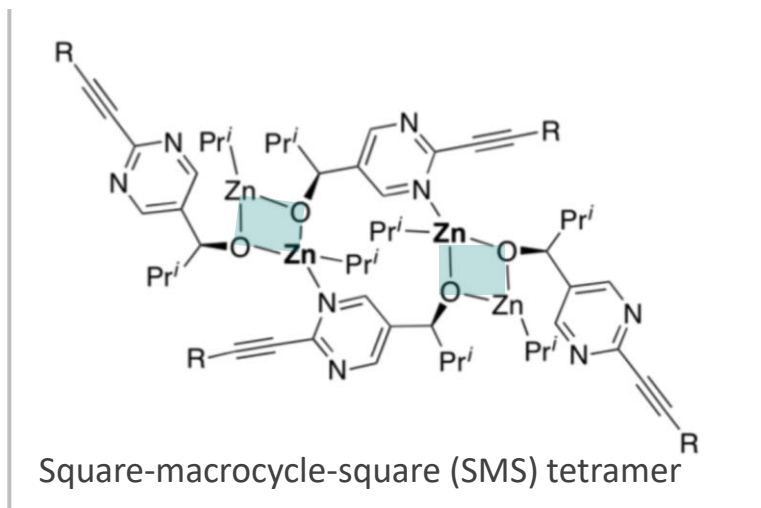


Soai - 2015

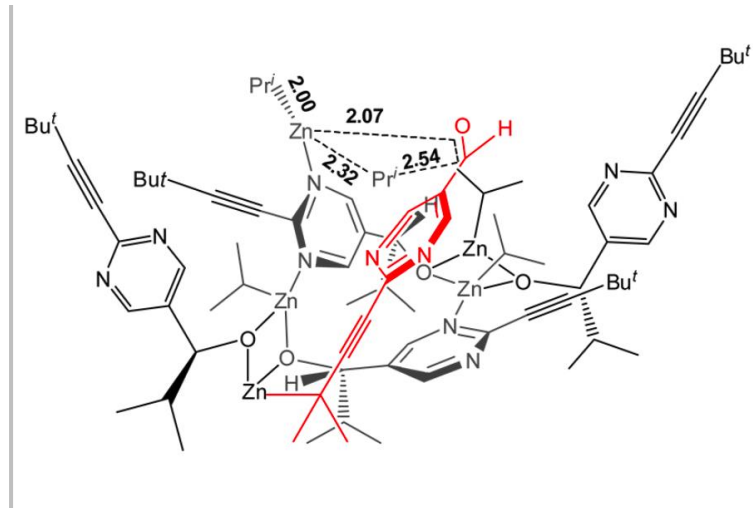


Background and Timeline: Asymmetric Autocatalytic behavior & Soai reaction

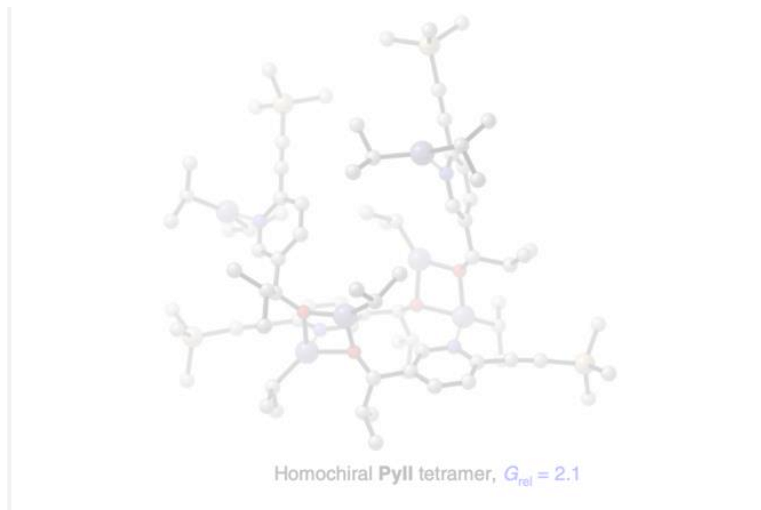
Brown & Blackmond - 2010



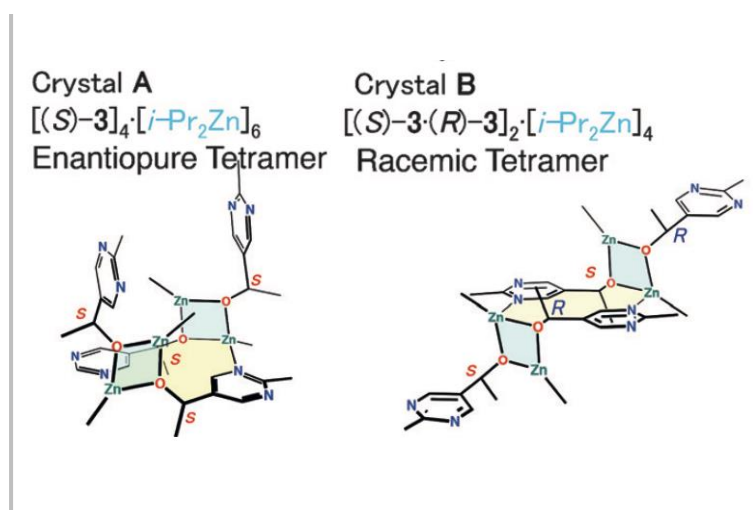
Gridnev - 2012



Houk & Denmark - 2020

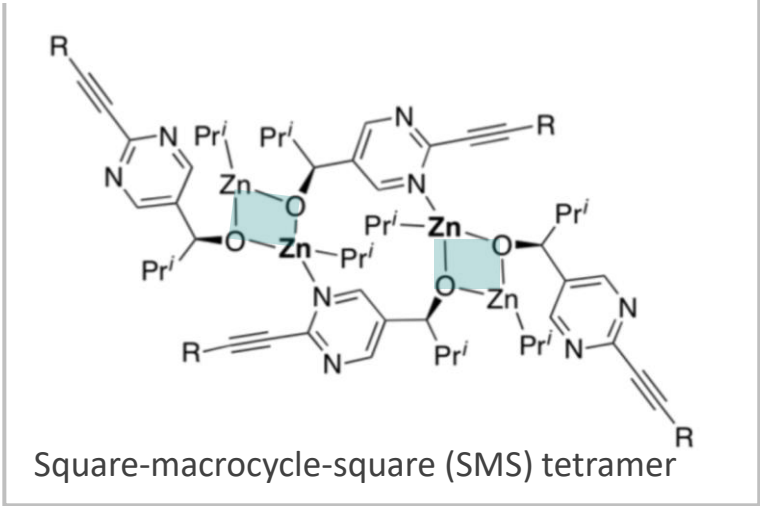


Soai - 2015

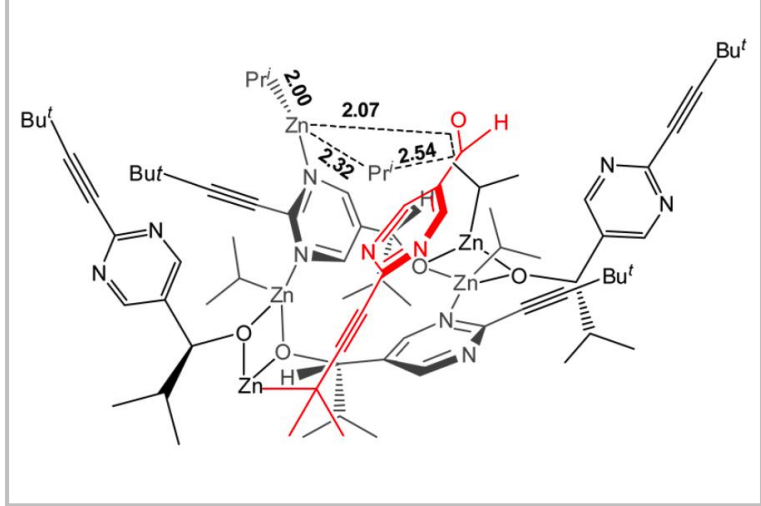


Background and Timeline: Asymmetric Autocatalytic behavior & Soai reaction

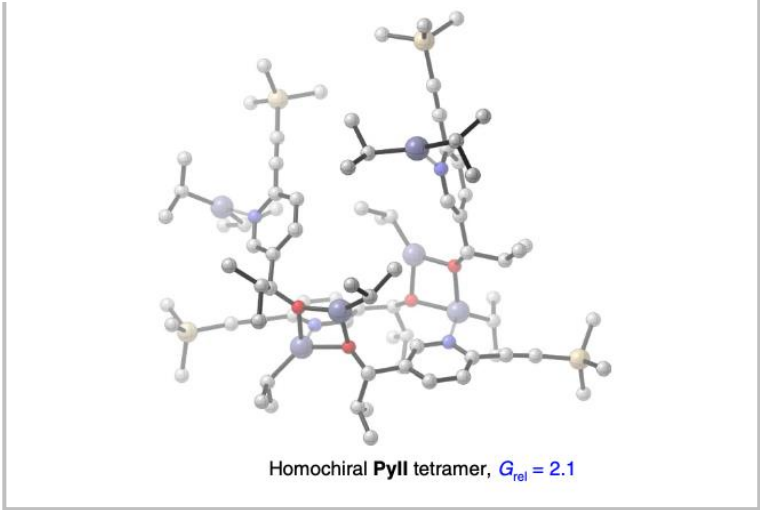
Brown & Blackmond - 2010



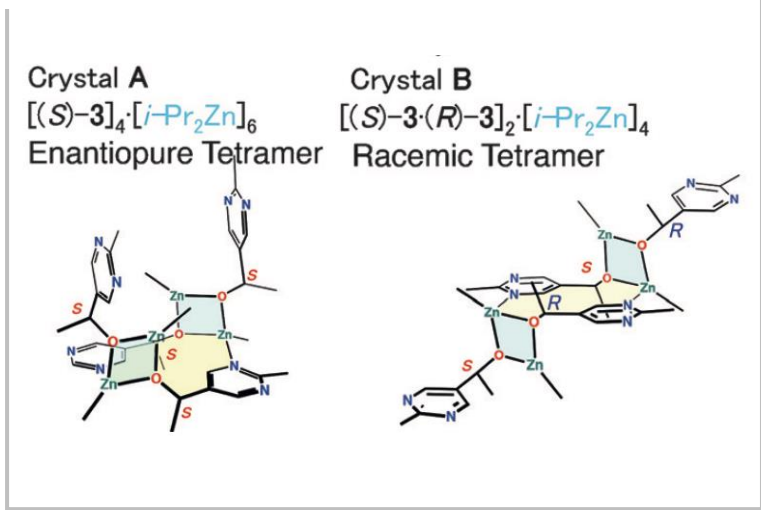
Gridnev - 2012



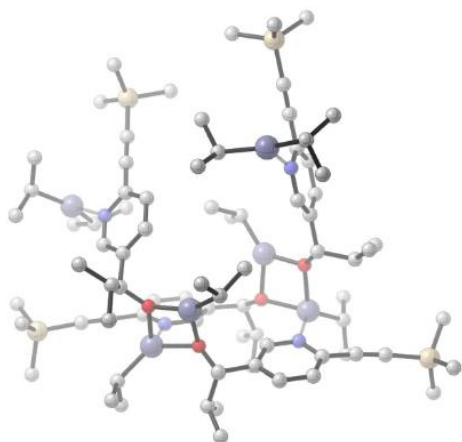
Houk & Denmark - 2020



Soai - 2015



Houk & Denmark - 2020

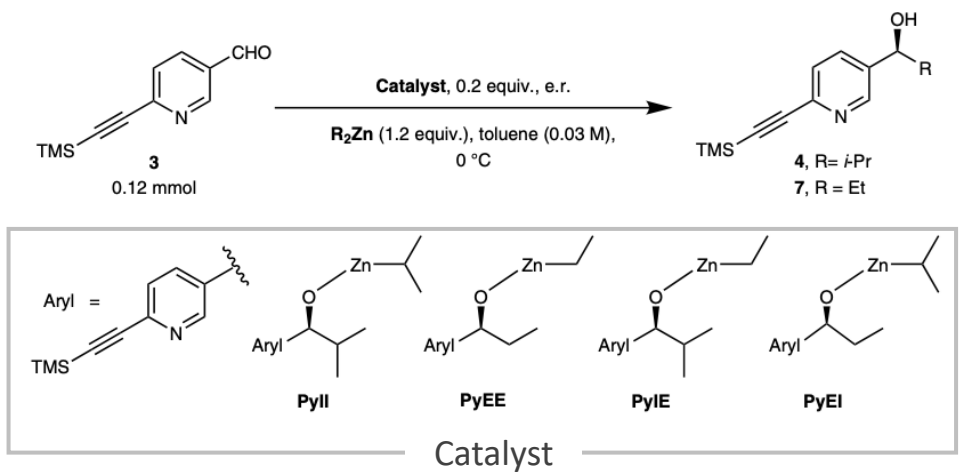


Homochiral **Pyll** tetramer, $G_{rel} = 2.1$

1) Substrate Dependence
How do substrate impact catalysis

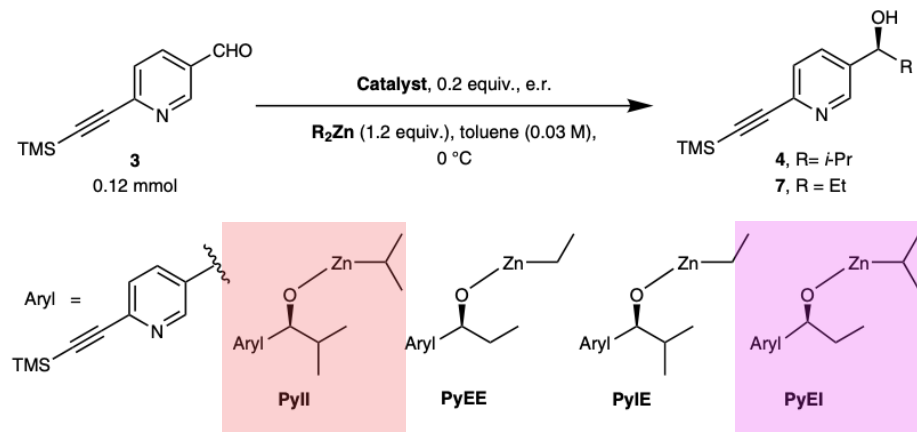
2) Catalysis Structure
Computational Analysis

Soai Reaction : Substrate Specificity

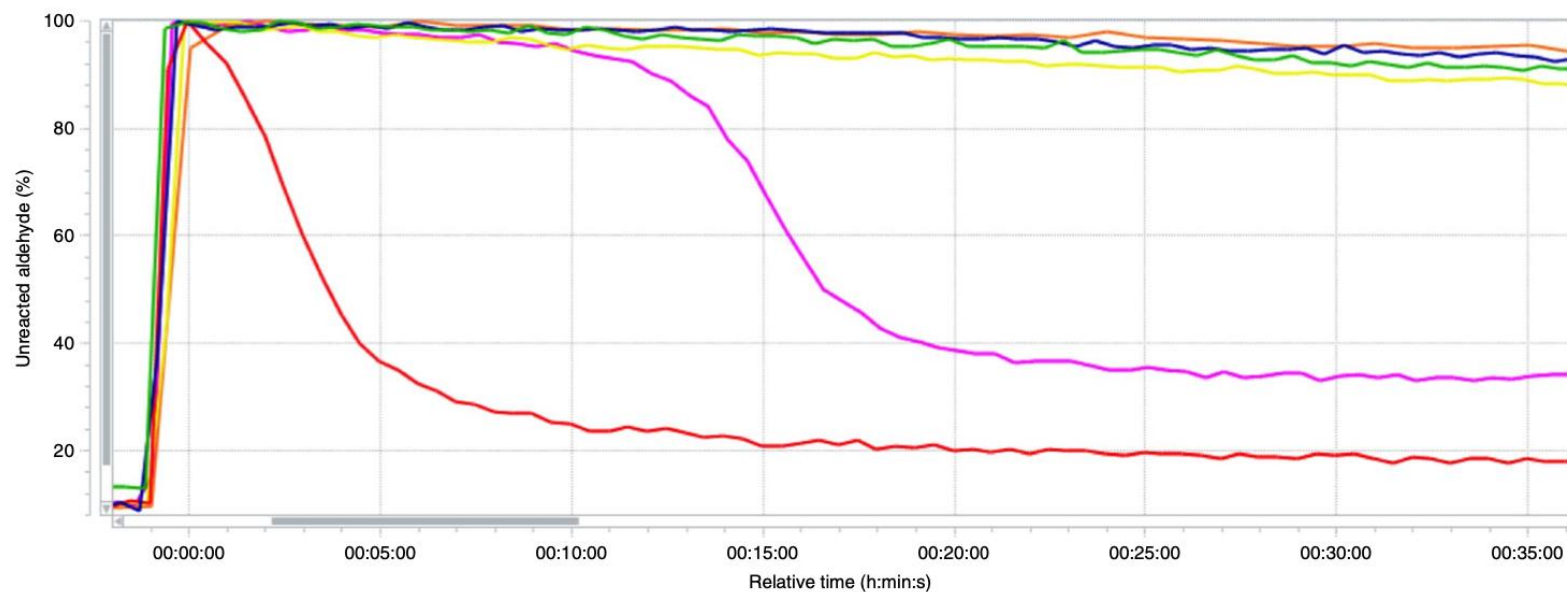


Pyridine also a competent substrate, traditionally used pyrimidine-5-carbaldehydes

Soai Reaction : Substrate Specificity



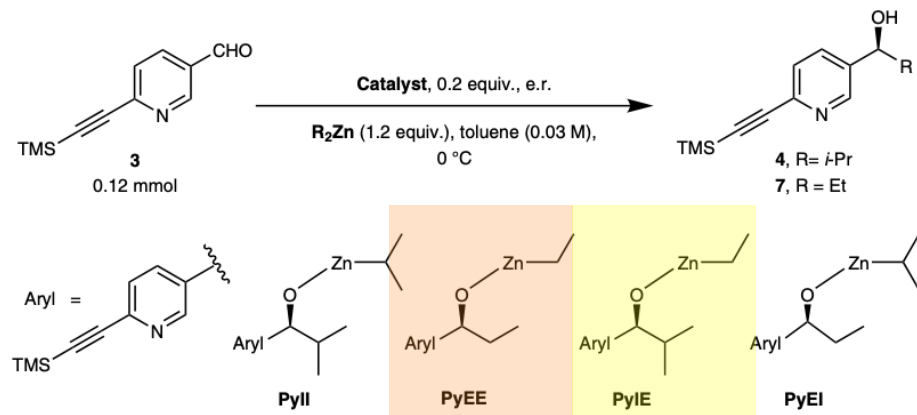
Entry	R	Catalyst	Key	Cat e.r.	Product e.r. ^c
1	<i>i</i> -Pr	None	Blue	—	—
2	<i>i</i> -Pr	PyII	Red	62:38	92:8 (75) ^d
3	<i>i</i> -Pr	PyEI	Magenta	70:30	98:2 (65)
4	Et	None	Green	—	—
5	Et	PyEE	Orange	72:28	68:32 (15) ^d
6	Et	PyIE	Yellow	70:30	74:26 (28)



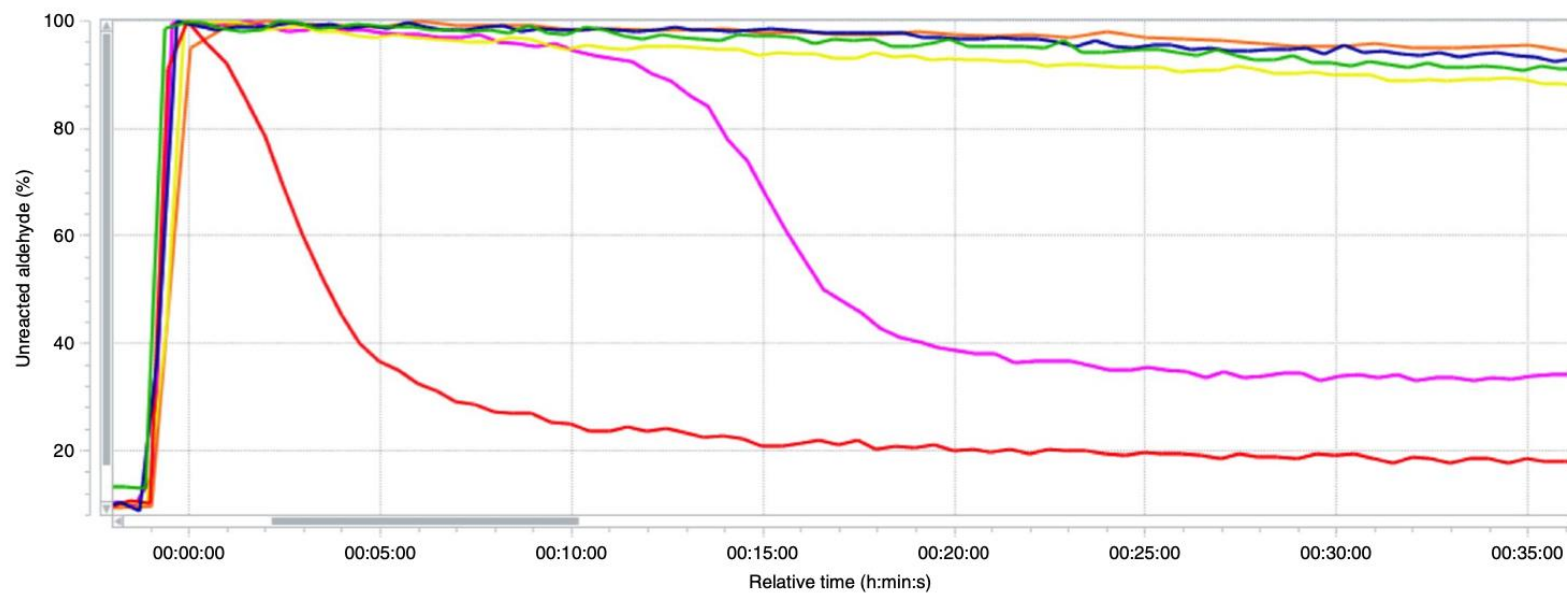
Pyridine also a competent substrate, traditionally used pyrimidine-5-carbaldehydes

How are PyII PyEE PyIE PyEI structurally different in solution ?

Soai Reaction : Substrate Specificity



Entry	R	Catalyst	Key	Cat e.r.	Product e.r. ^c
1	<i>i</i> -Pr	None	Blue	—	—
2	<i>i</i> -Pr	PyII	Red	62:38	92:8 (75) ^d
3	<i>i</i> -Pr	PyEI	Magenta	70:30	98:2 (65)
4	Et	None	Green	—	—
5	Et	PyEE	Orange	72:28	68:32 (15) ^d
6	Et	PyIE	Yellow	70:30	74:26 (28)

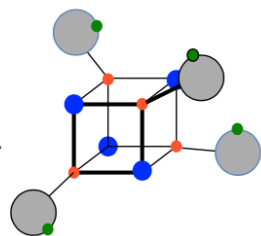


Pyridine also a competent substrate, traditionally used pyrimidine-5-carbaldehydes

How are PyII PyEE PyIE PyEI structurally different in solution ?

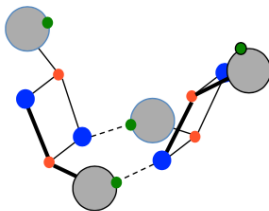
Soai Reaction : Solutions Species

Cubic Tetramer



SMS (square-macrocycle-square)

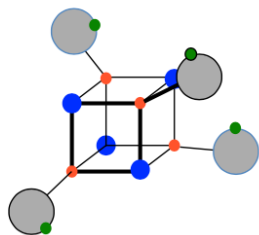
SMS Tetramer



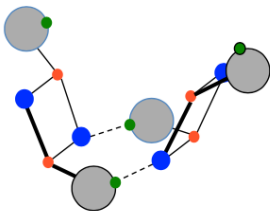
Soai Reaction : Solutions Species

SMS (square-macrocycle-square)

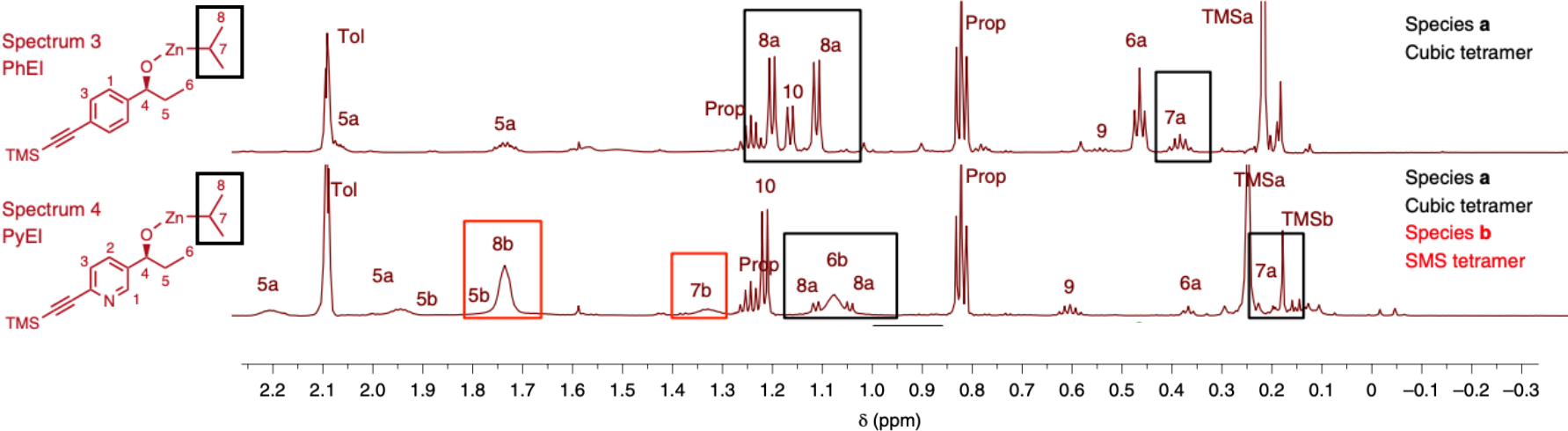
Cubic Tetramer



SMS Tetramer



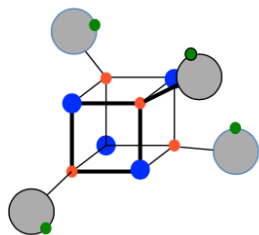
Downfield shift of H8 and H7 + Peak broadening suggestive of SMS tetramer



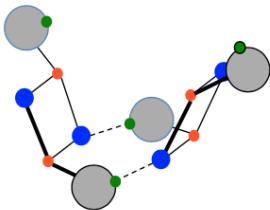
Soai Reaction : Solutions Species

SMS (square-macrocycle-square)

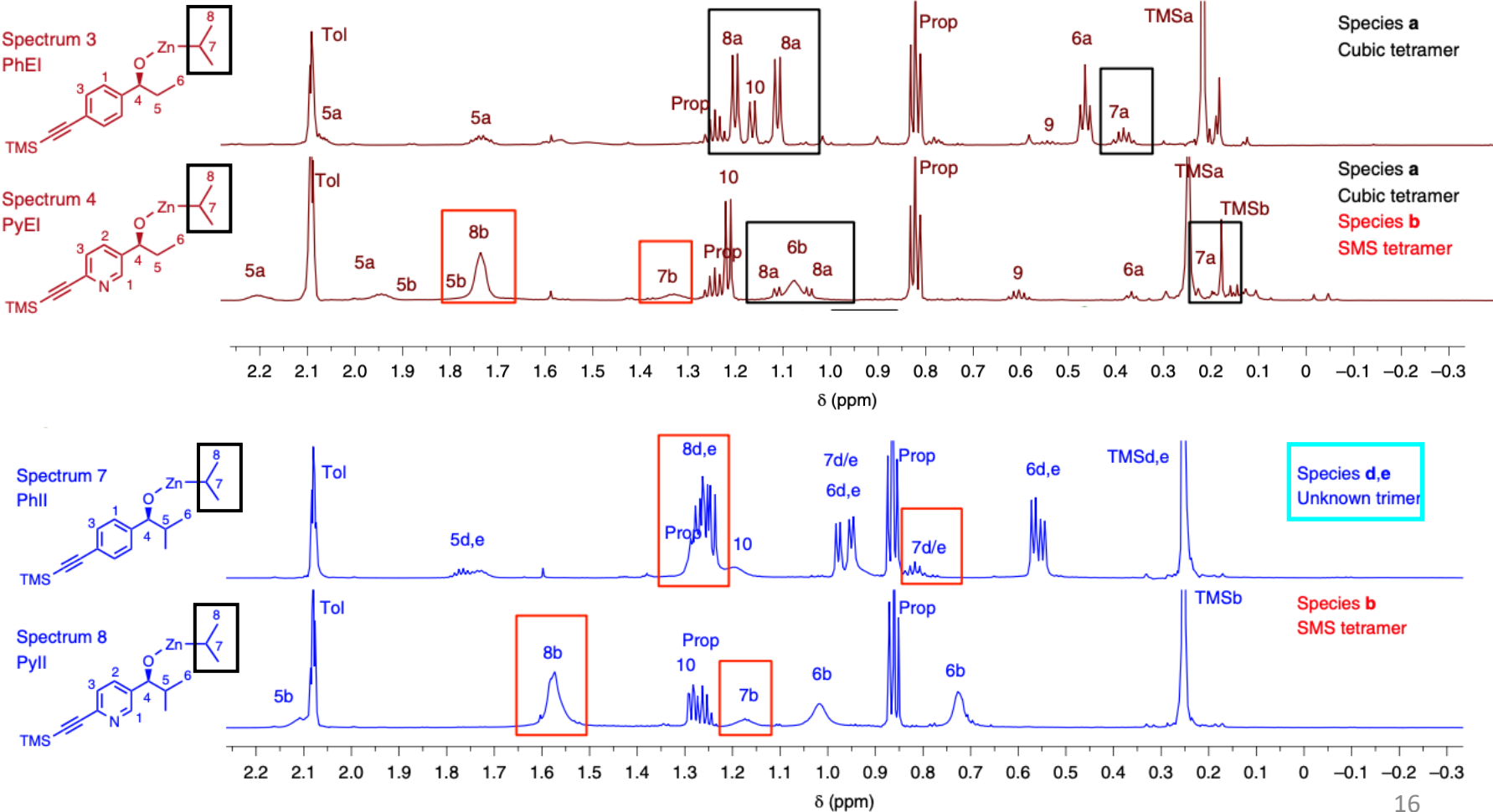
Cubic Tetramer



SMS Tetramer



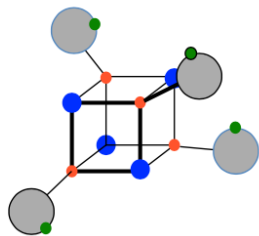
Downfield shift of H8 and H7 + Peak broadening suggestive of SMS tetramer



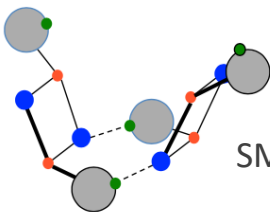
Soai Reaction : Solutions Species

SMS (square-macrocycle-square)

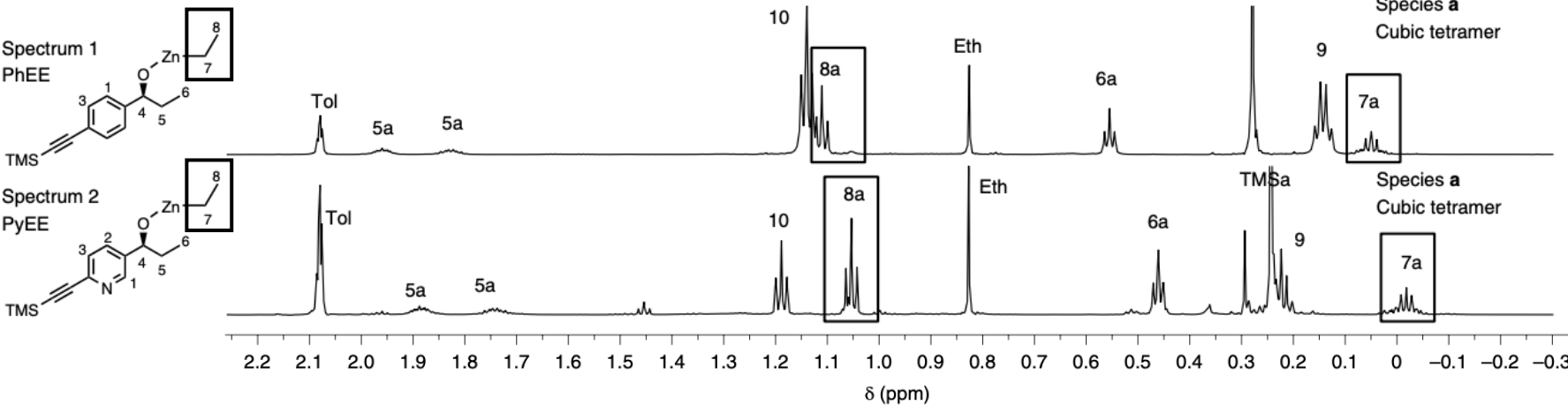
Cubic Tetramer



SMS Tetramer



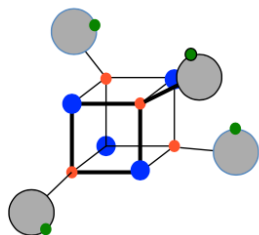
Downfield shift of H8 and H7 + Peak broadening suggestive of SMS tetramer



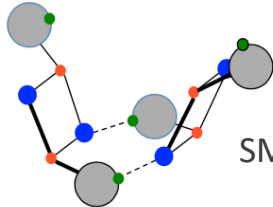
Soai Reaction : Solutions Species

SMS (square-macrocycle-square)

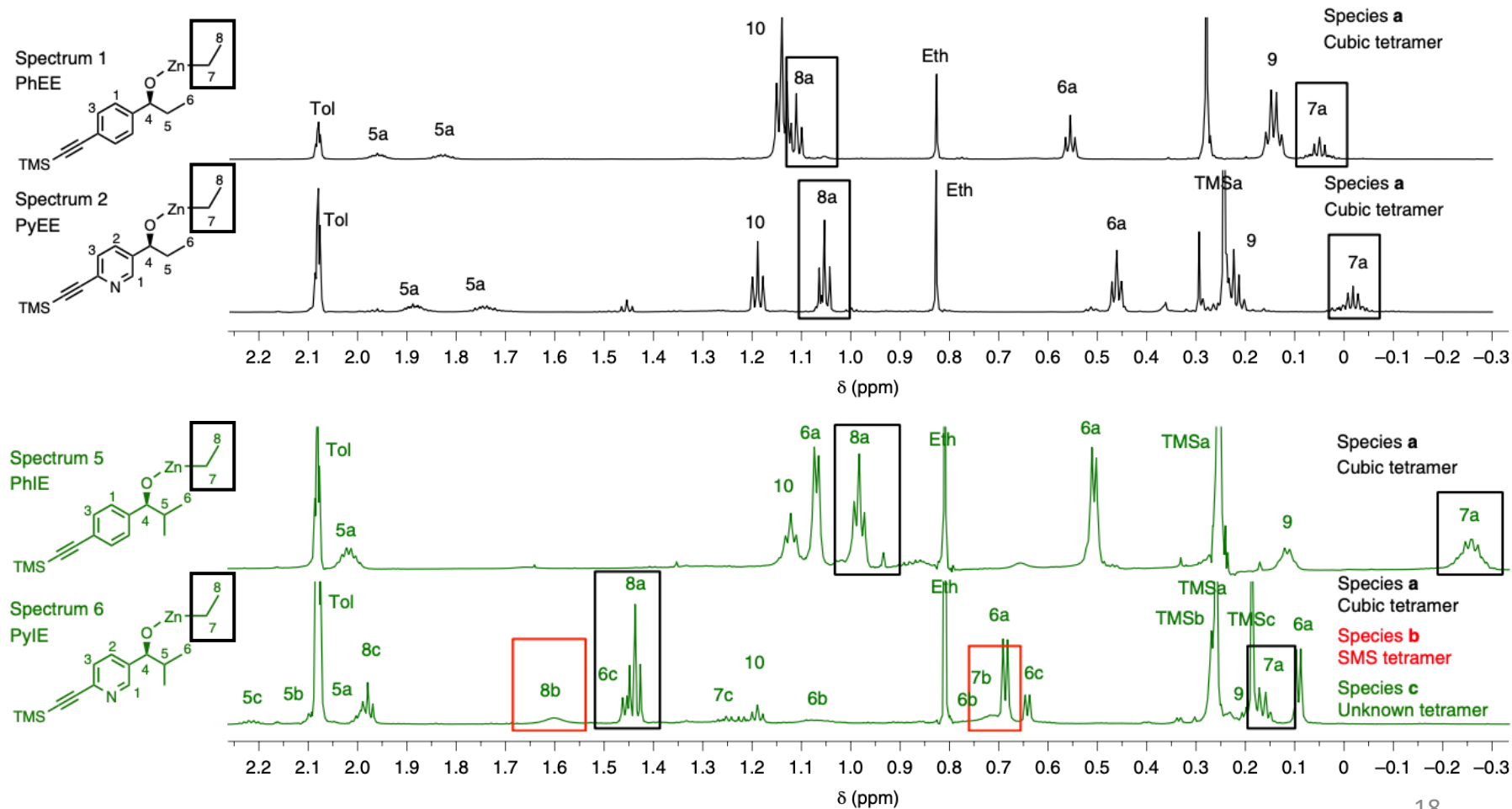
Cubic Tetramer



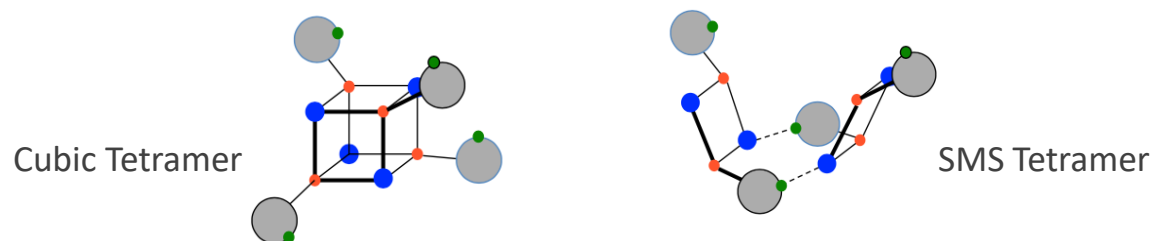
SMS Tetramer



Downfield shift of H8 and H7 + Peak broadening suggestive of SMS tetramer

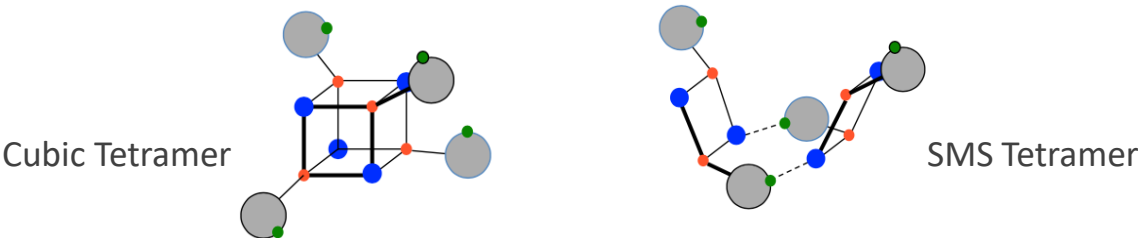


Soai Reaction : Solutions Species

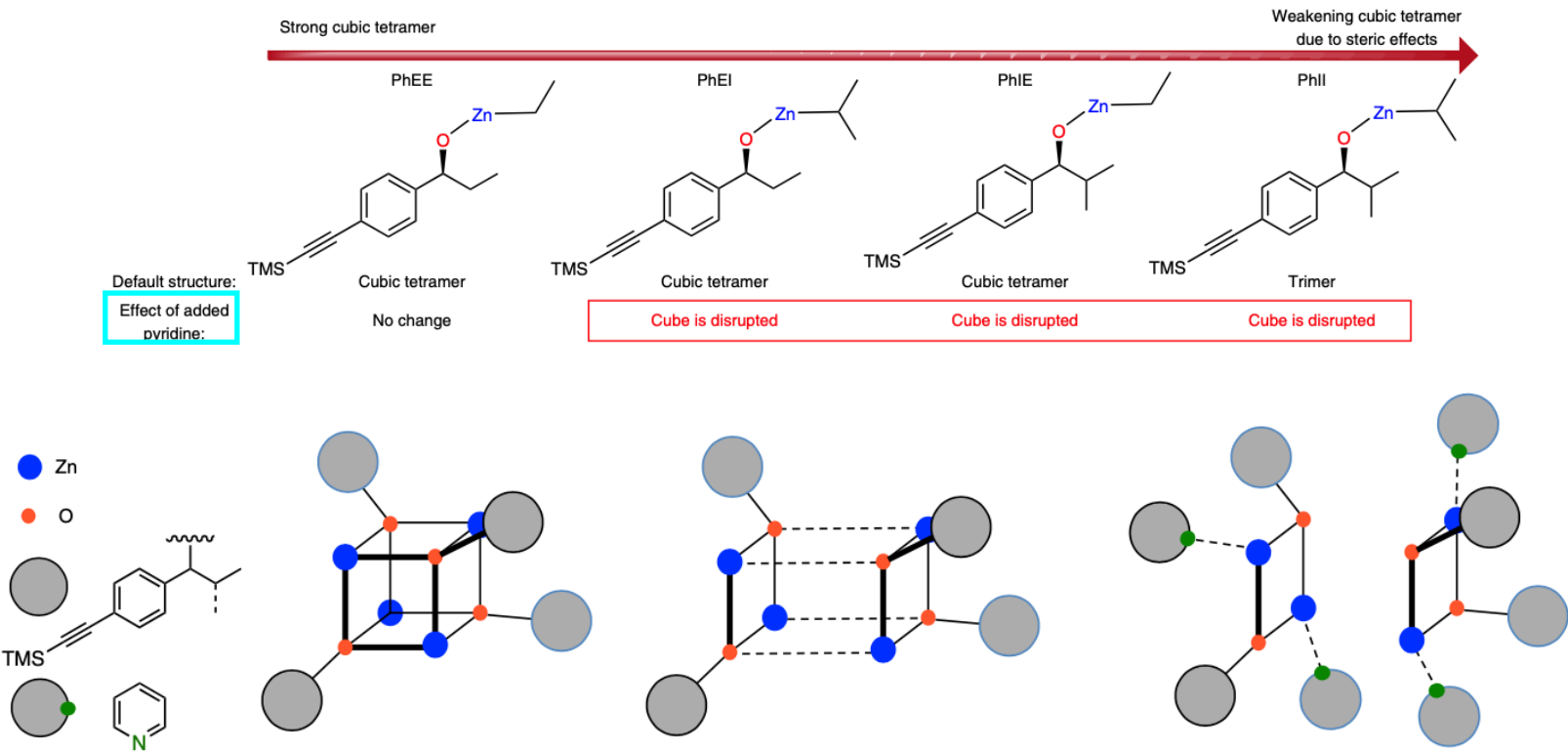


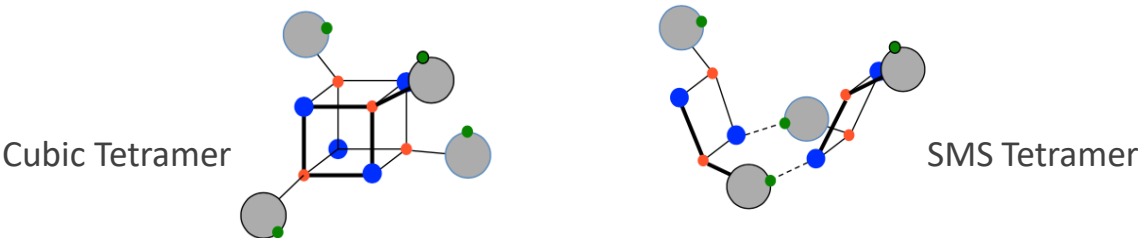
Cubic tetramer preferred 'organization'....however can be disrupted
Disruption due to : Sterics (ethyl to isopropyl) & Pyridine N coordination

Soai Reaction :Pyridine disrupts the cube

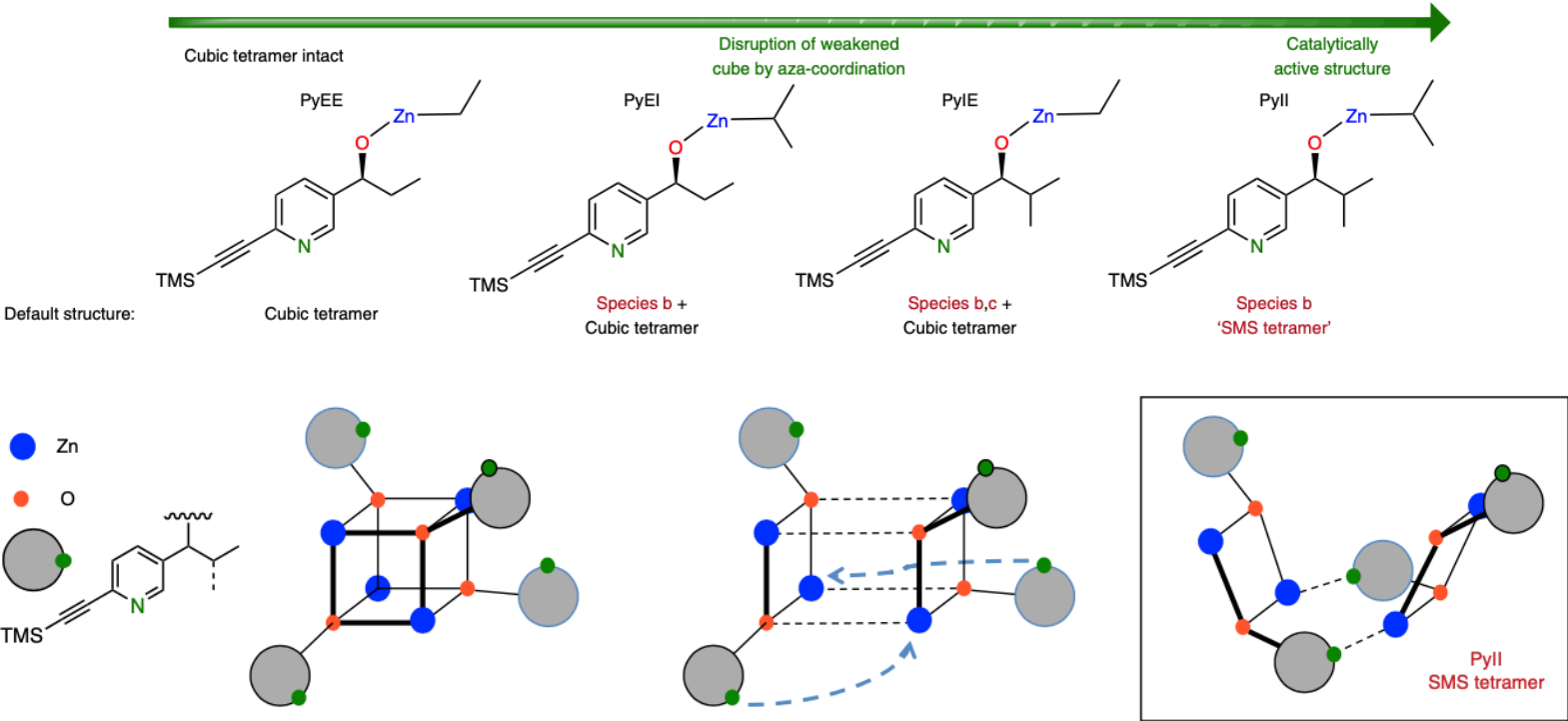


Cubic tetramer preferred 'organization'....however can be disrupted
Disruption due to : Sterics (ethyl to isopropyl) & Pyridine N coordination

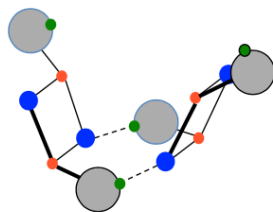




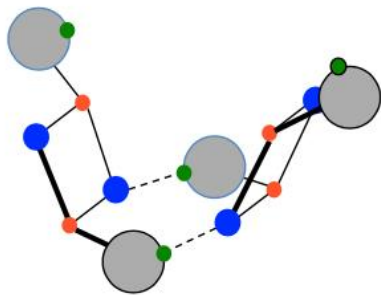
Cubic tetramer preferred 'organization'....however can be disrupted
Disruption due to : Sterics (ethyl to isopropyl) & Pyridine N coordination



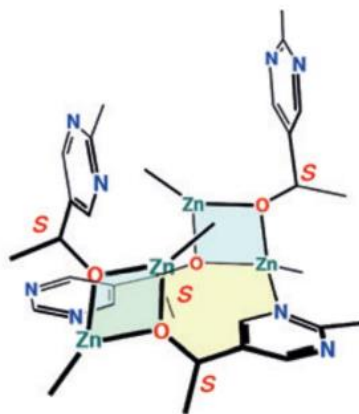
Soai Reaction : Agreement with Soai crystal structures



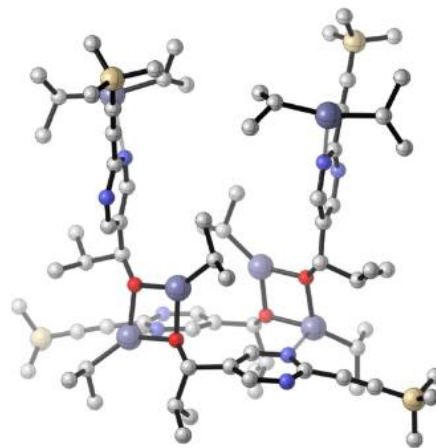
SMS tetramer agreement with Soai Crystal structure?



Pyll SMS tetramer connectivity



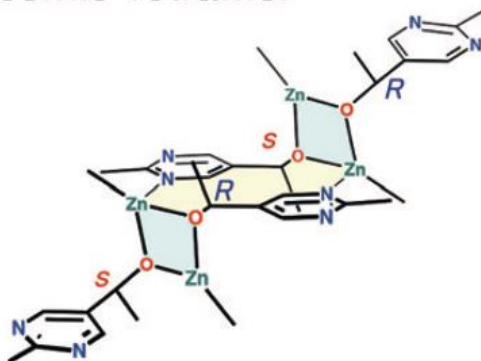
Pyrimidine alkoxide crystal structure



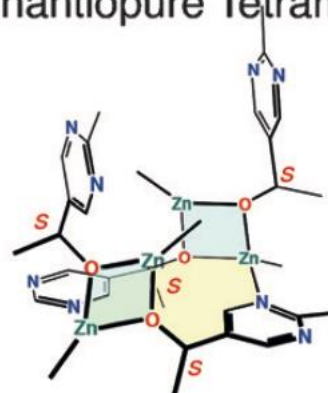
Predicted Pyll SMS tetramer

Soai Reaction : Agreement with Soai crystal structures

Crystal B
 $[(S)-3 \cdot (R)-3]_2 \cdot [i\text{-Pr}_2\text{Zn}]_4$
Racemic Tetramer

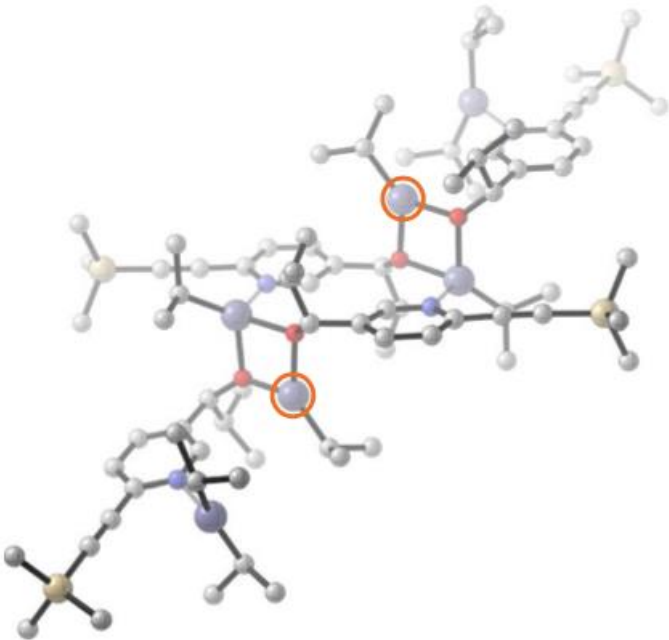


Crystal A
 $[(S)-3]_4 \cdot [i\text{-Pr}_2\text{Zn}]_6$
Enantiopure Tetramer

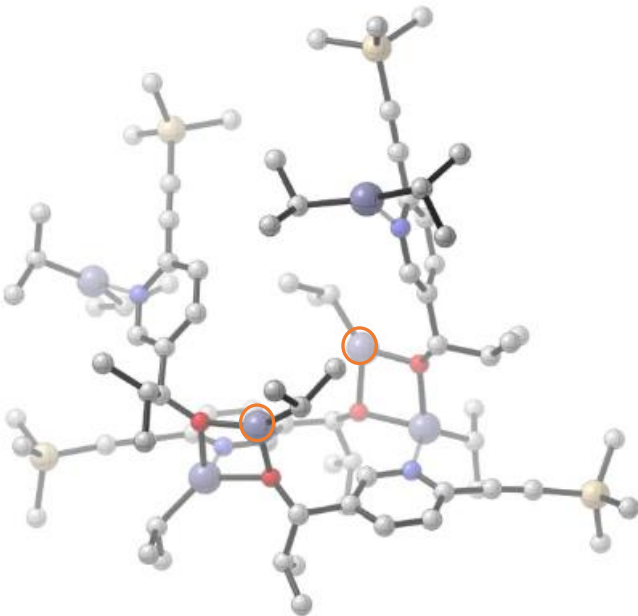


What is the difference between the enantiopure and racemic catalyst?
How does catalysis proceed?

Soai Reaction : Enantiopure vs Racemic



Heterochiral **Pyll** tetramer,

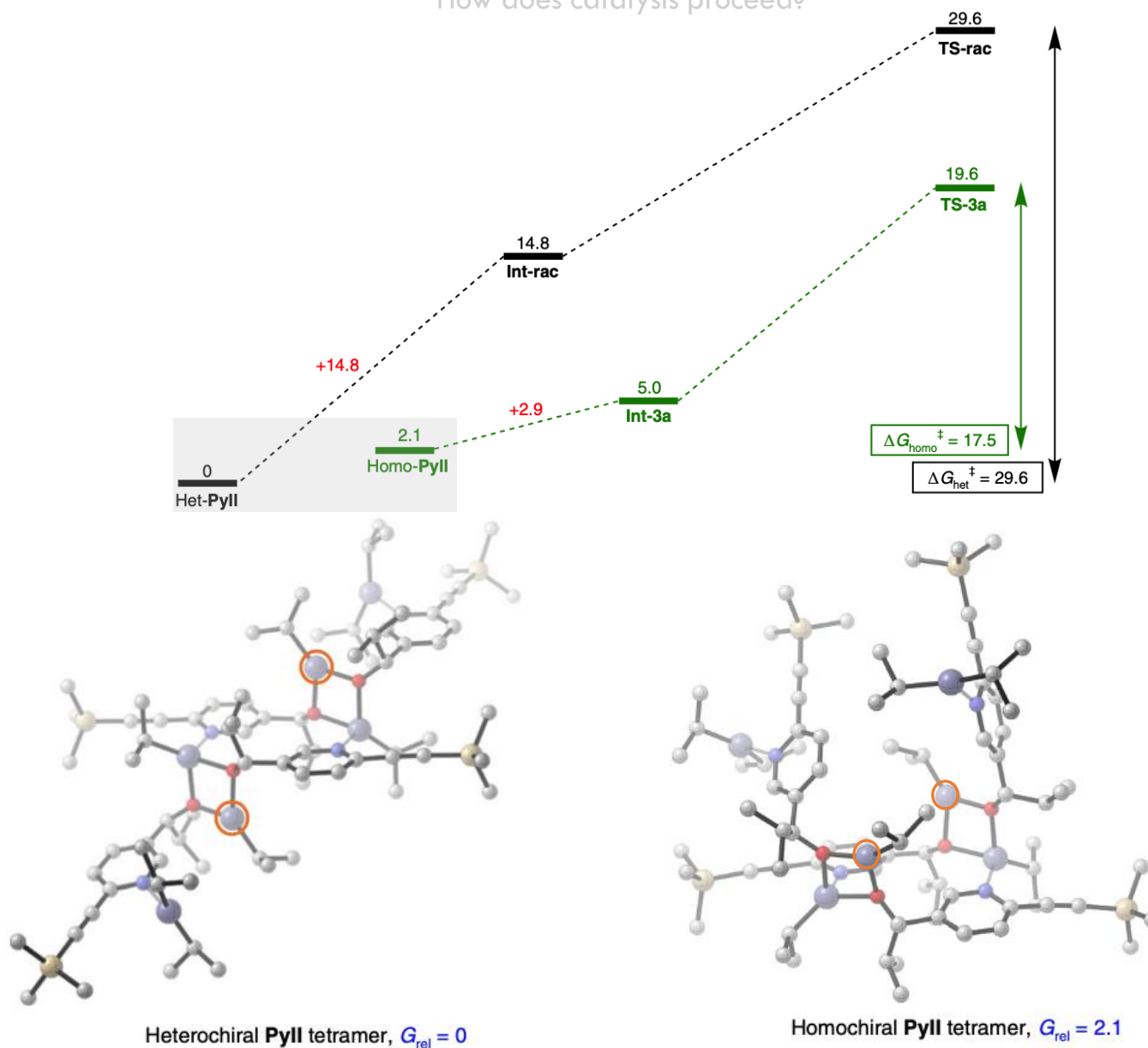


Homochiral **Pyll** tetramer,

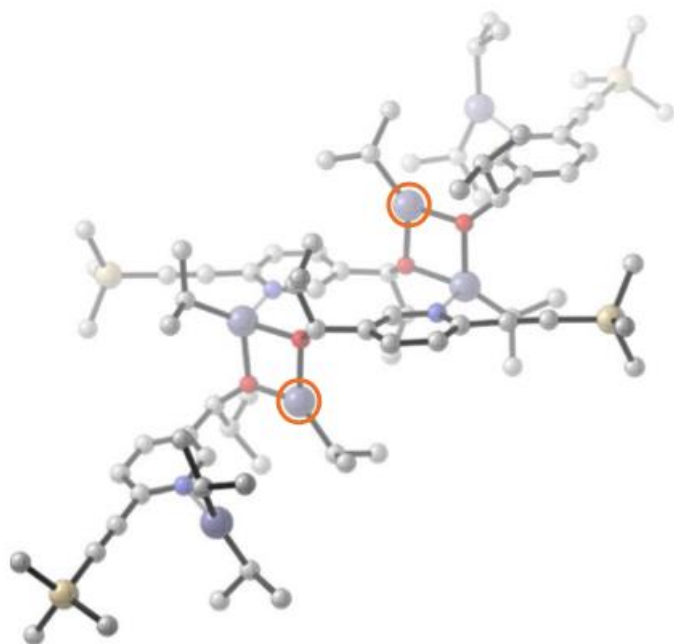
Soai Reaction : Non-linear effect

What is the difference between the enantiopure and racemic catalyst?

How does catalysis proceed?



Soai Reaction : Racemic Binding Mode

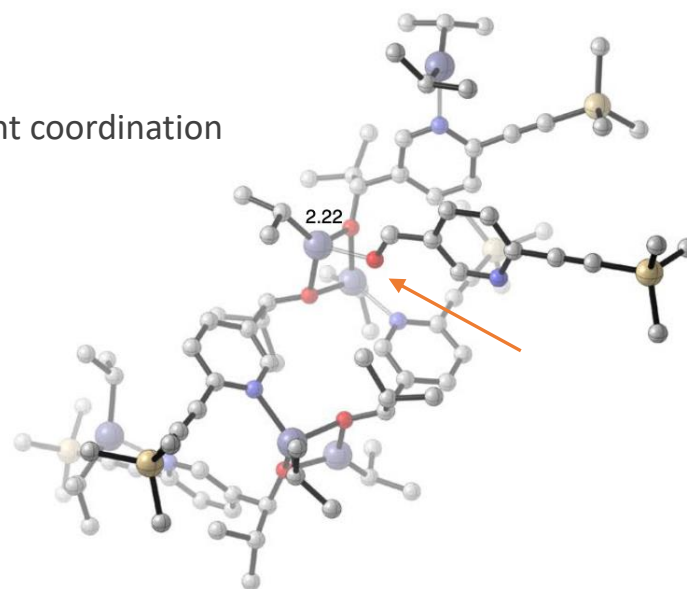


Heterochiral **PyII** tetramer,

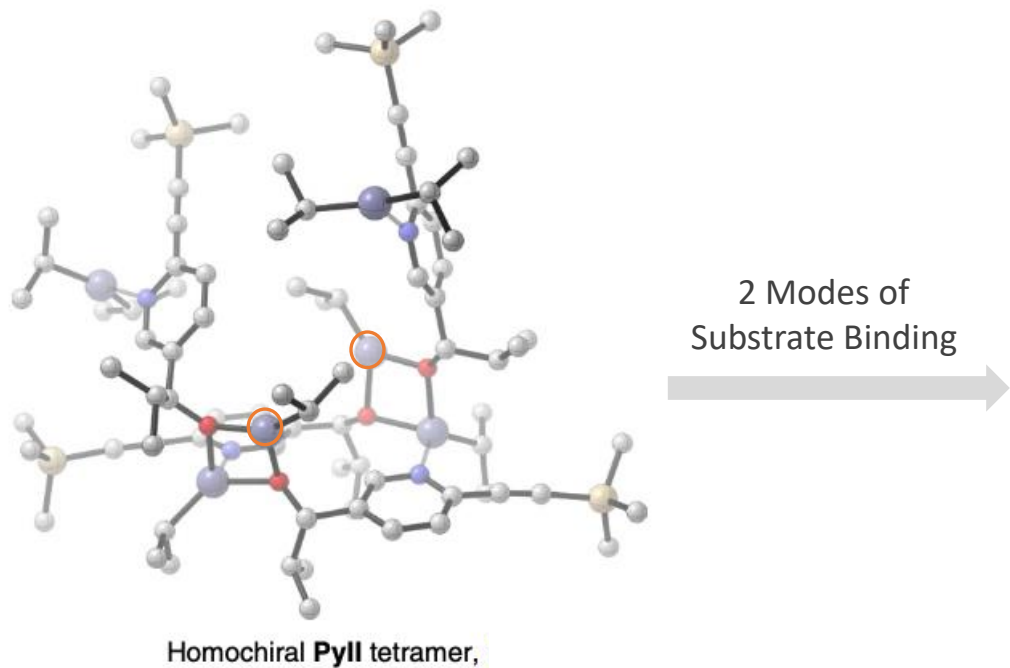
Substrate Binds



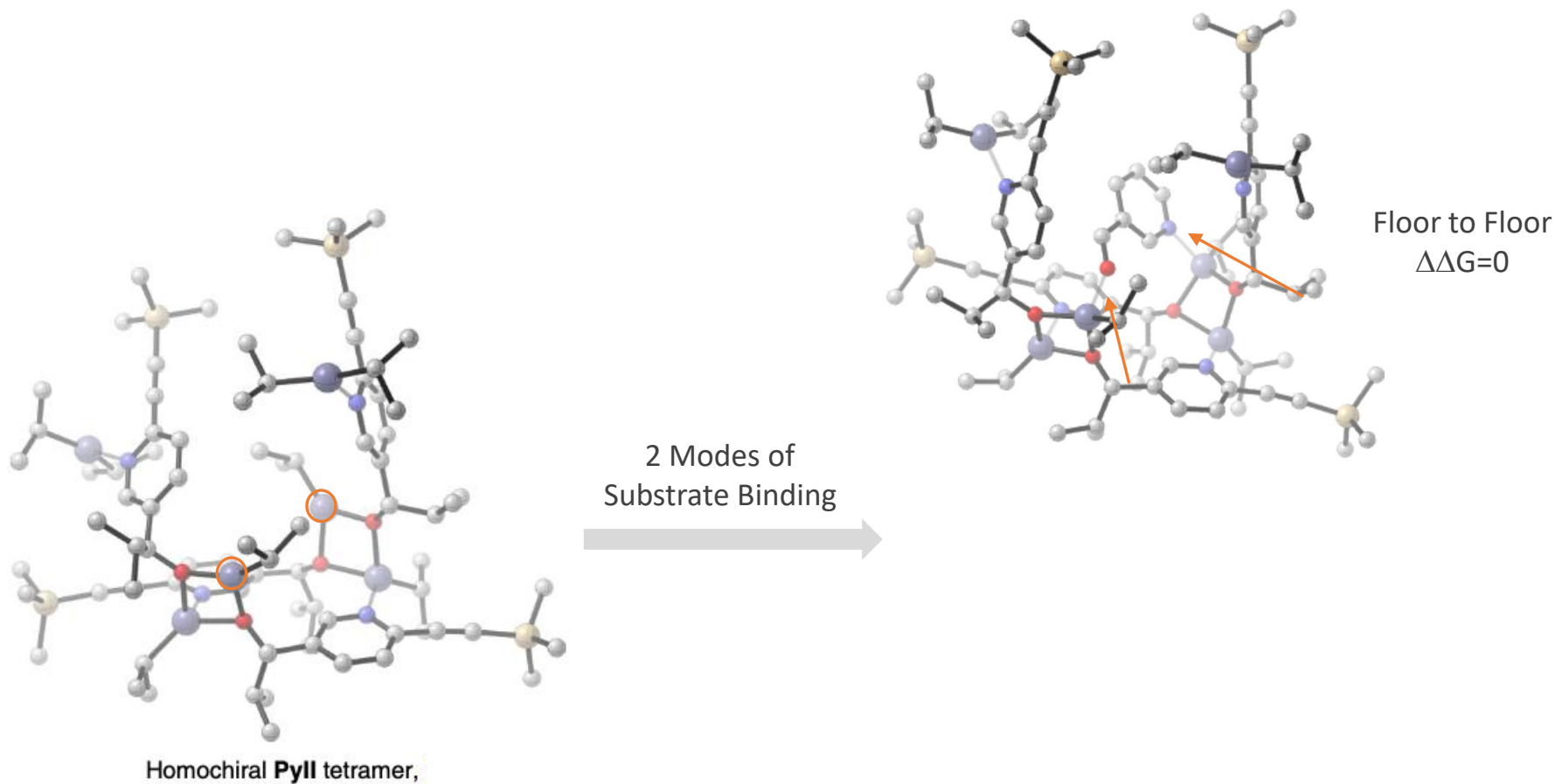
Single point coordination



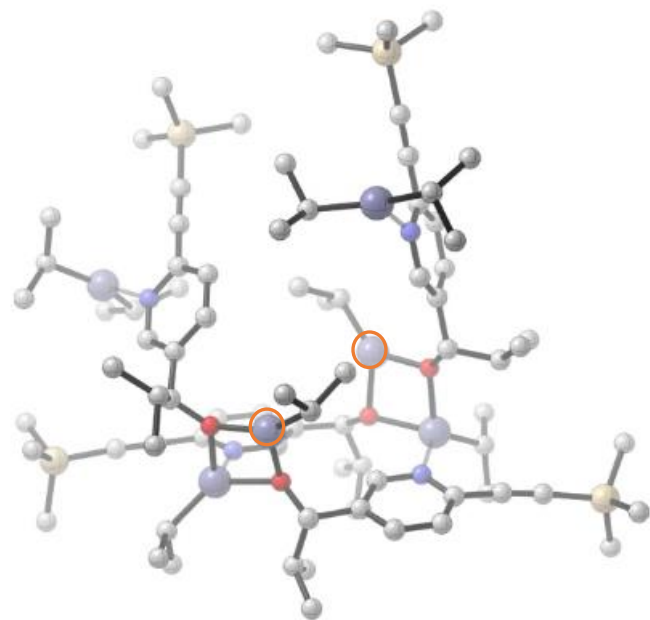
Soai Reaction : Enantiopure Tetramer Binding



Soai Reaction : Enantiopure Tetramer Binding

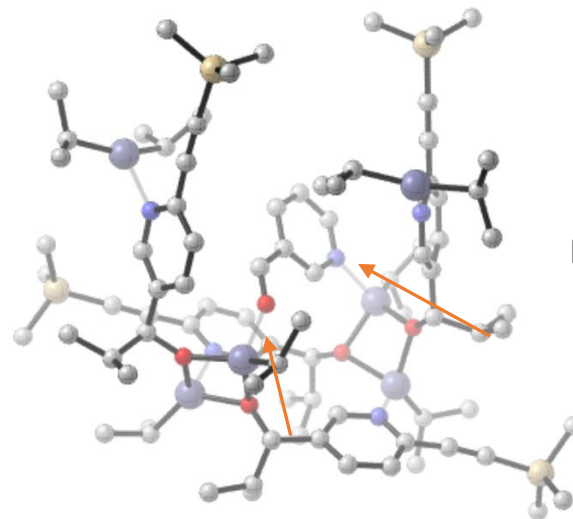


Soai Reaction : Enantiopure Tetramer Binding

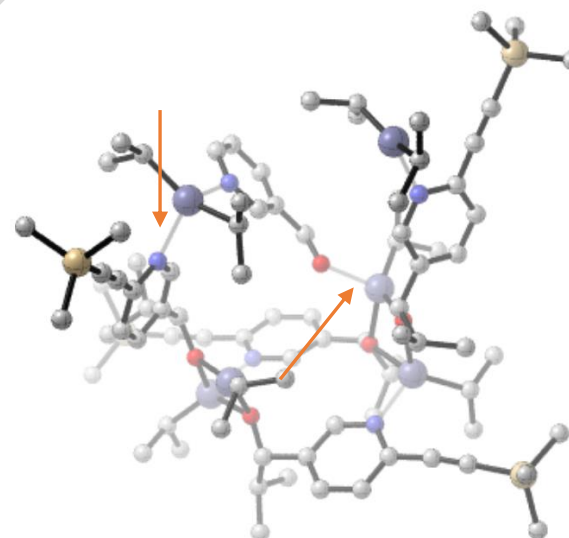


Homochiral **Pyll** tetramer,

2 Modes of
Substrate Binding



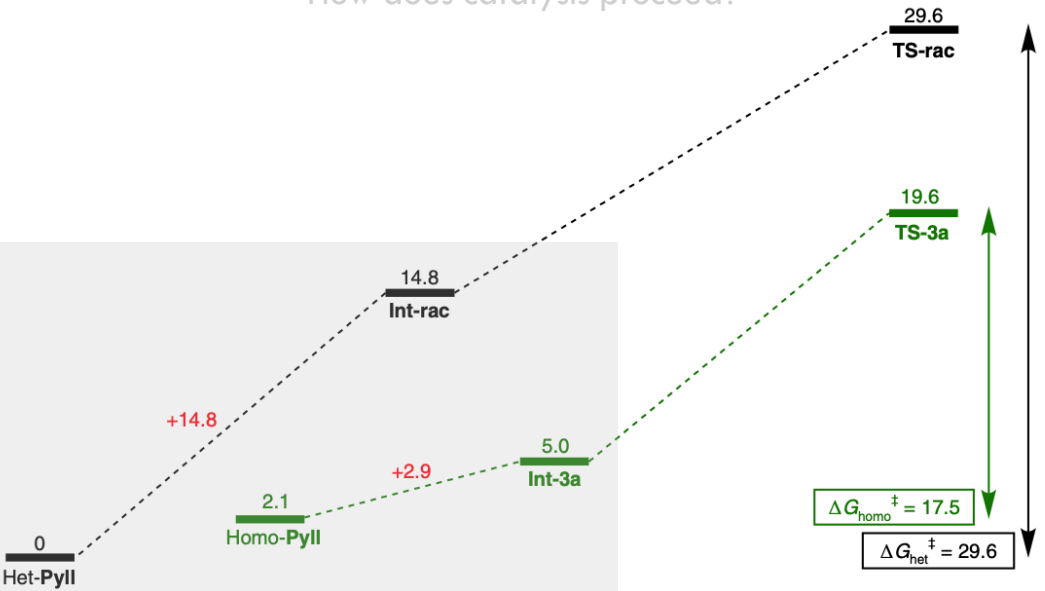
Floor to Floor
 $\Delta\Delta G=0$



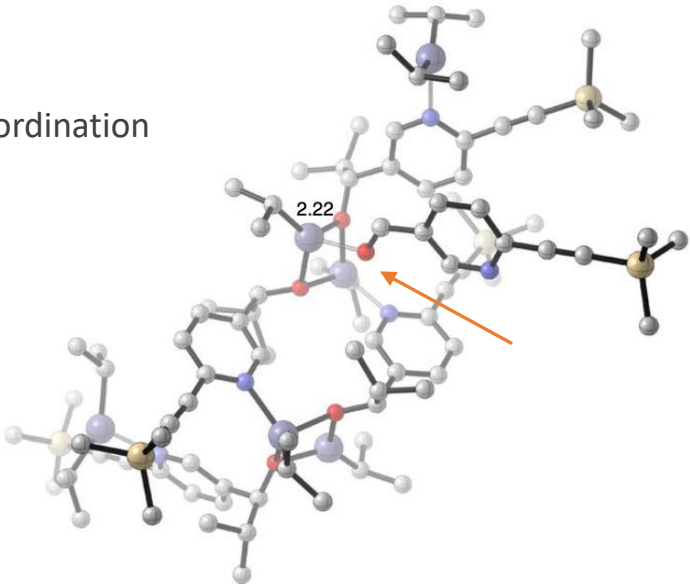
Floor to Arm
 $\Delta\Delta G = 4.5$

Soai Reaction : Enantiopure vs Racemic

What is the difference between the enantiopure and racemic catalyst?
How does catalysis proceed?

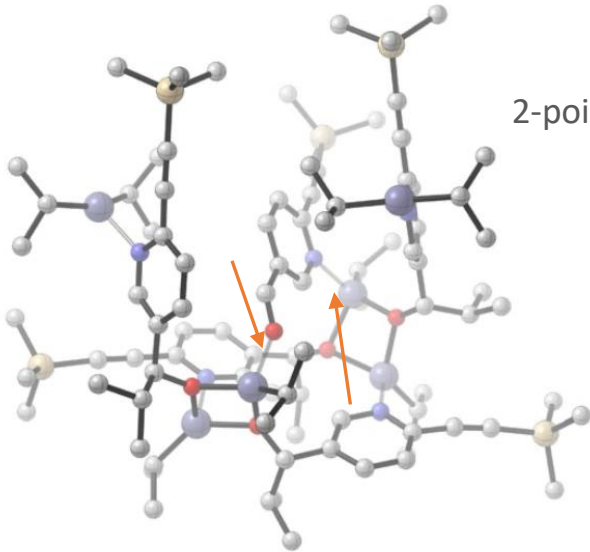


Single point coordination



Int-rac

2-point coordination

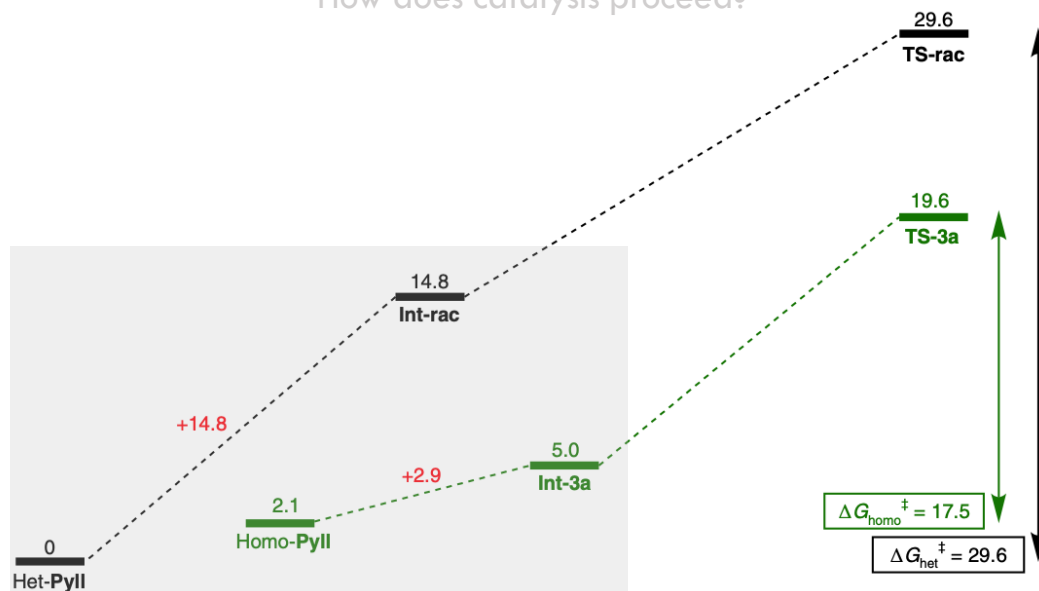


Int-3a

Soai Reaction : Enantiopure vs Racemic

What is the difference between the enantiopure and racemic catalyst?

How does catalysis proceed?



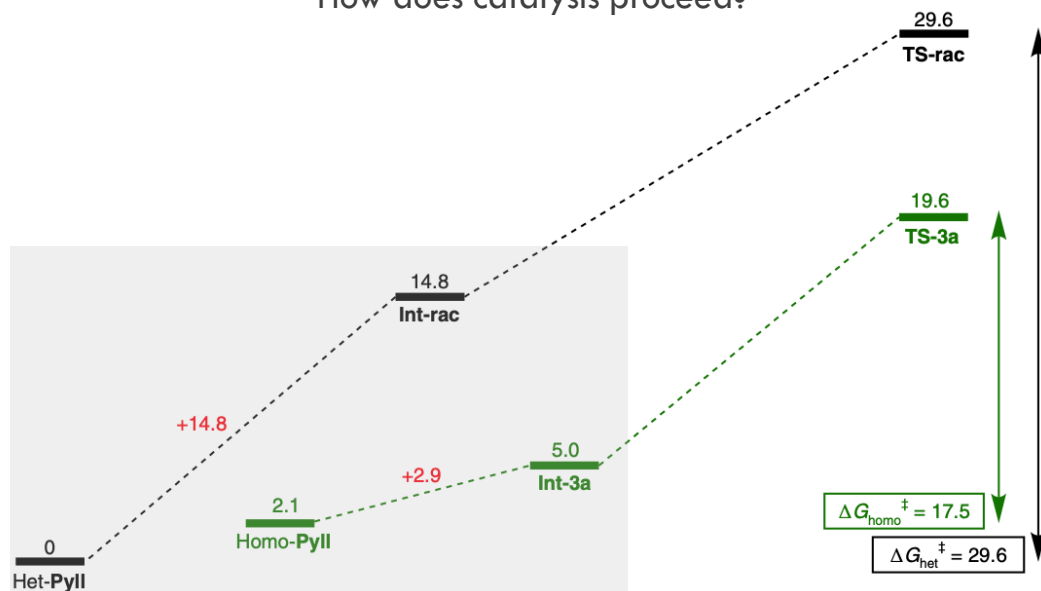
Heterochiral tetramer more favorable in solution, however, is kinetically incompetent

Catalytic incompetence due to aldehyde binding, not alkyl transfer

Soai Reaction : Selectivity ?

What is the difference between the enantiopure and racemic catalyst?

How does catalysis proceed?



Heterochiral tetramer more favorable in solution, however, is catalytically incompetent

Catalytic incompetence due to aldehyde binding, not alkyl transfer

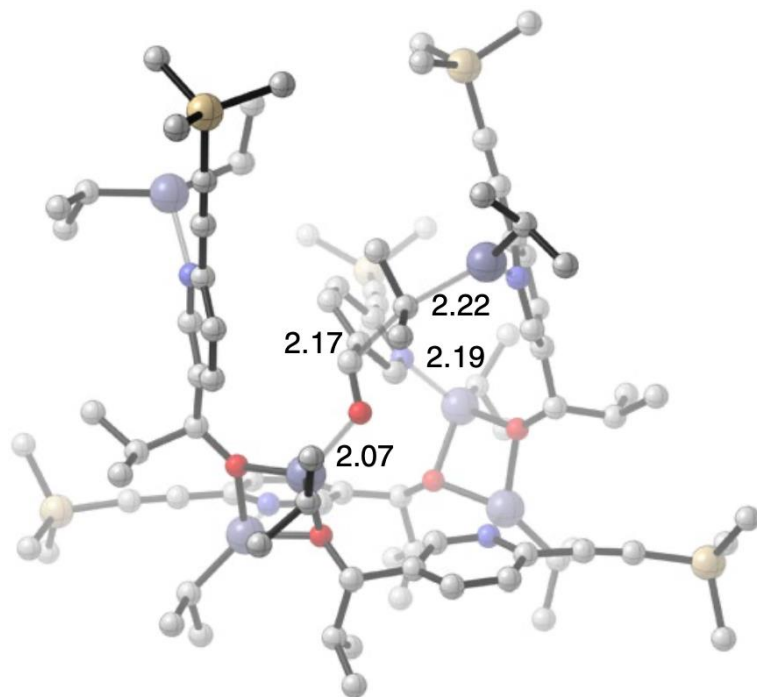
Positive non-linear effect

Production of enriched product results in the increase concentration of active catalyst species... what is controlling selectivity within the active catalyst?

Soai Reaction : Source of selectivity

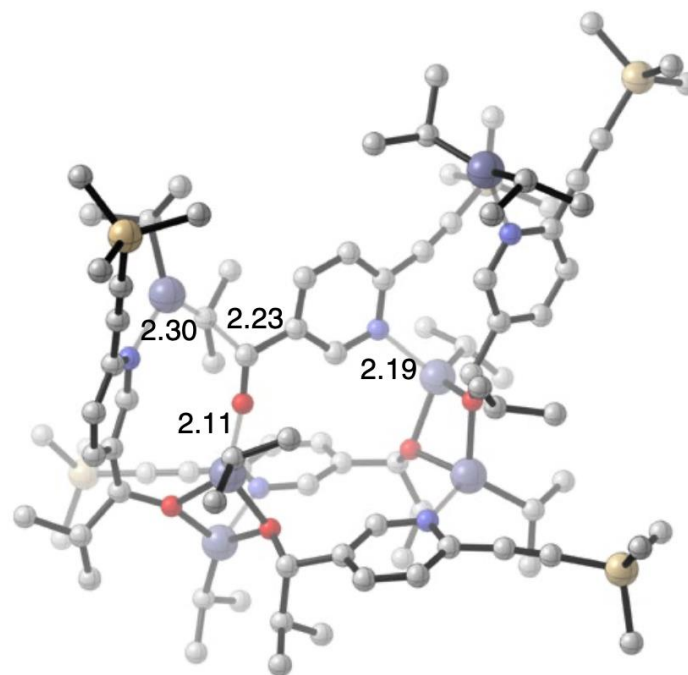
What is the difference between the enantiopure and racemic catalyst?

How does catalysis proceed?



TS-3a
 $\Delta G^\ddagger = 14.6$

Si addition : Major enantiomer



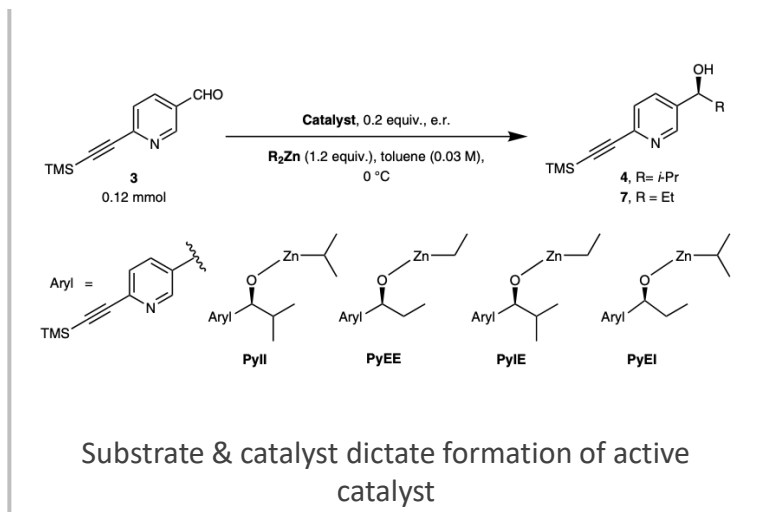
TS-3b
 $\Delta G^\ddagger = 19.0$
 $\Delta\Delta G^\ddagger = 4.4$

'Re' addition : Minor Enantiomer

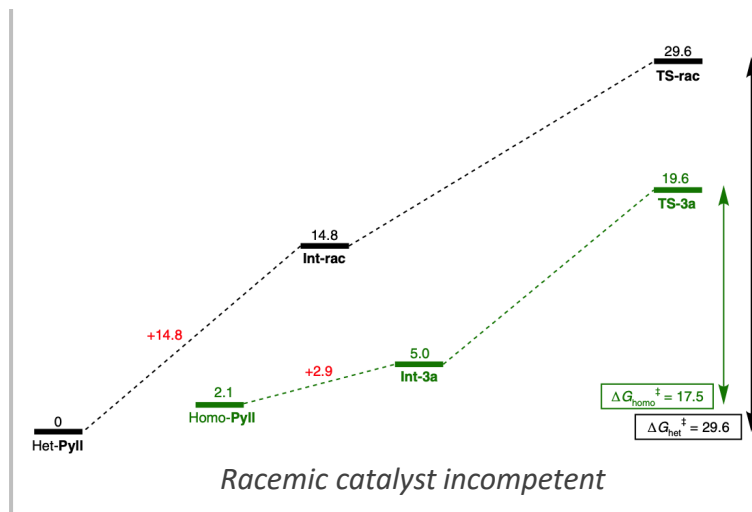
Stereoselectivity due to the steric environment of the chiral tetramer

Soai Reaction : Conclusions

Substrate Scope



Racemic vs Enantiopure

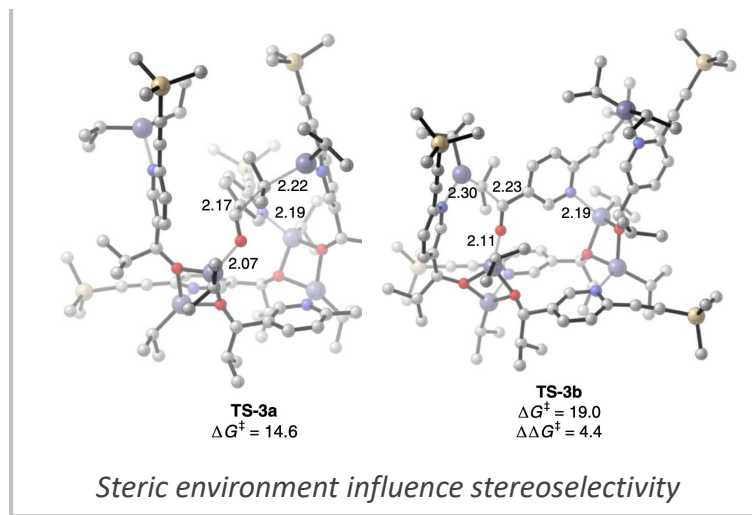


Overall

Another way of thinking about catalysis

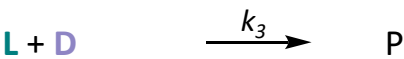
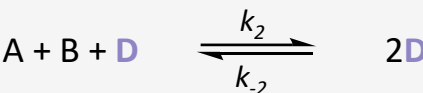
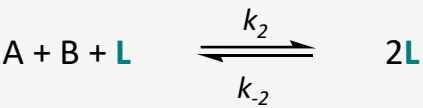
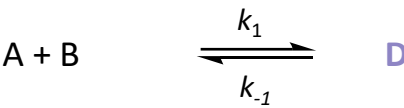
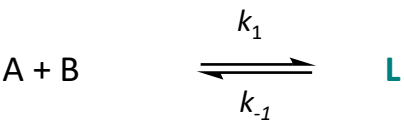
Not the typical Transition Metal species

Intermediates & Transition state

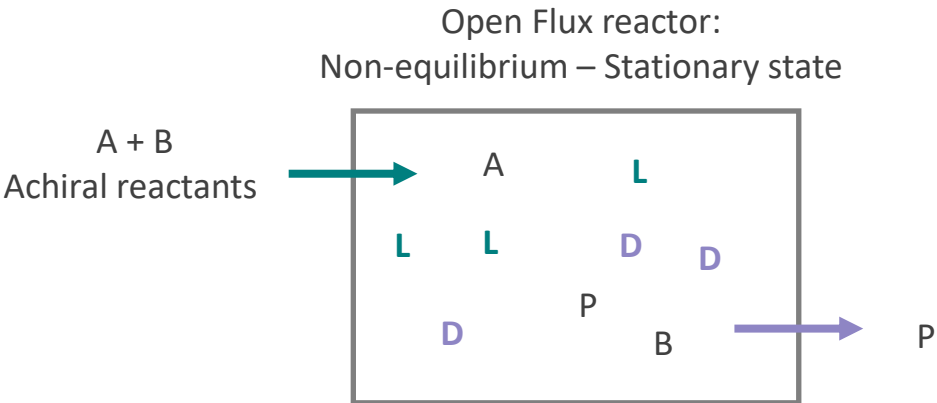


1953: The Frank Model

Proposed model for the origin of biological homochirality



Autocatalytic
Chiral Reactions



Graphical Representation
Racemic & non-racemic

